

Assignment Questions of
Mathematics - Paper - XIV
Semester - VI (B.Sc)

Vector Integration

1) If $\vec{F} = 3xy\vec{i} - y^2\vec{j}$, evaluate $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$,

where C is the curve in the xy -Plane,
 $y = 2x^2$ from $(0,0)$ to $(1,2)$.

② Evaluate $\iiint \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} \, dS$ where $\vec{F} = yz\vec{i} + zx\vec{j} + xy\vec{k}$

and S is that part of the surface of
the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$ which lies
in the first octant.

③ Verify divergence theorem for

$$\vec{F} = (x^2 - yz)\vec{i} + (y^2 - zx)\vec{j} + (z^2 - xy)\vec{k}$$

taken over the rectangular parallelepiped
 $0 \leq x \leq a$, $0 \leq y \leq b$, $0 \leq z \leq c$.

Assignment Questions of Semester VI
Paper - Mathematics XIV (B.Sc)
Sub - Vector - space.

1) Define vector subspace & prove that the necessary and sufficient condition for a non empty subset W of a vector space $V(F)$ to be a subspace of V is
 $a, b \in F$ and $\alpha, \beta \in W \Rightarrow a\alpha + b\beta \in W.$

② prove that the Union of two subspaces is a subspace if and only if one is contained in the other.

Prove that

③ The linear span $L(S)$ of any subset S of a vector space $V(F)$ is a subspace of V generated by S i.e

$$L(S) = \{S\}.$$